# Human Insulin ELISA Kit

Catalog no. KAQ1251

Pub. No. MAN0004817 Rev 4.0

# Description

The Human Insulin (Hu Insulin) ELISA Kit is a solid-phase sandwich Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) designed to detect and quantify the level of human insulin in human serum.

# Contents and storage

The components included in the ELISA kit are listed below. Upon receipt, store the kit at 2°C to 8°C.

Components	Cat. no. KAQ1251 96 tests	Color Code	Reconstitution		
Antibody Coated Wells. 96 well plate.	1 plate	Blue	Ready to use.		
Standard 0 µL/mL in human plasma, contains thymol; lyophilized.	1 vial	Yellow	Add 2 mL distilled water.		
Standards 1 to 5 in human serum, contains thymol; lyophilized. Refer to vial label for quantity and reconstitution volume.	5 vials	Yellow	Add 1 mL distilled water.		
Controls 1 and 2 in human serum, contains thymol. Refer to label or ranges; lyophilized.	2 vials	Silver	Add 1 mL distilled water.		
Wash Buffer Concentrate (200X).	10 mL	Brown	Dilute 1 mL in 199 mL distilled water.		
Anti-insulin HRP Conjugate. Contains thymol.	6 mL	Red	Ready to use.		
Stabilized Chromogen, Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB).	12 mL	Orange	Ready to use.		
Stop Solution, 1.0 N HCl.	12 mL	White	Ready to use.		

Note: Standard 0 µIU/mL is recommended for sample dilutions.

**Note:** One μIU of standard preparation is equivalent to 1 μIU MRC 2<sup>nd</sup> IRP 66/304.

# Materials required but not provided

- · Distilled or deionized water
- Microtiter plate reader with software capable of measurement at or near 450 nm
- Plate washer-automated or manual (squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or equivalent)
- Calibrated adjustable precision pipettes and glass or plastic tubes for diluting solutions

#### General Guidelines

- Review the **Procedural guidelines** and **Plate washing directions** in the *ELISA Technical Guide* available at **thermofisher.com/techresources** for details prior to starting the procedure.
- Reagents are lot-specific. Do not mix or interchange different reagent lots from various kit lots.

# Prepare 1X Wash Buffer

- 1. Allow the Wash Buffer Concentrate (200X) to reach room temperature and mix to redissolve any precipitated salts.
- 2. Dilute 1 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (200X) with 199 mL of deionized or distilled water. Label as 1X Wash Buffer.
- 3. Store the concentrate and 1X Wash Buffer in the refrigerator. Discard unused 1X Wash Buffer at the end of the day.

# Sample preparation guidelines

- Collect samples in pyrogen/endotoxin-free tubes.
- Freeze samples after collection if samples will not be tested immediately. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles of frozen samples.
- Avoid the use of hemolyzed or lipemic sera. If large amounts of particulate matter are present in the sample, centrifuge or filter sample prior to analysis.
- Samples may be stored for 24 hours at 2-8°C

# Dilute samples

- No special pretreatment of the sample is necessary. Samples suspected to contain insulin concentrations greater than the highest standard are to be diluted with the zero standard.
- Prior to use, all samples should be at room temperature. Vortex the samples before use.
- Because conditions may vary, it is recommended that each investigator determine the optimal dilution to be used for each application.

#### Dilute standards and controls

**Note:** Use glass or plastic tubes for diluting standards.

- 1. Reconstitute standards and controls to the volume specified on the vial label with distilled water (2 mL for the zero standard, 1 mL for the other standards, and 1 mL for controls). Allow them to remain undisturbed until completely dissolved, then mix well by gentle inversion. After reconstitution, standards and controls should be aliquoted and stored at –70°C. Avoid successive freeze-thaw cycles. **Use the standard within 1 hour of reconstitution**.
- 2. Discard remaining reconstituted standard or freeze in aliquots at -80°C for up to 4 months. Standard can be frozen and thawed one time only without loss of activity. Return Standard Diluent Buffer to the refrigerator.

# **ELISA** procedure

Allow all reagents to reach room temperature before use. Mix all liquid reagents prior to use. Total assay time is 45 minutes.

**IMPORTANT!** Perform a standard curve with each assay.

Determine the number of 8-well strips required for the assay. Insert the strips in the frames for use. Re-bag any unused strips and frames, and store at 2 to 8°C for future use.

#### Bind antigen

1. Add 50 µL standards, samples or controls to the appropriate wells.



#### Add Anti-Insulin HRP

- 2. Add 50 µL Anti-Insulin HRP conjugate (see page 2) into each well except the chromogen blanks.
- 3. Cover the plate with the plate cover and incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Thoroughly aspirate the solution from the wells and wash wells 3 times with 1X Wash Buffer.



#### Add chromogen

- 5. Add 100 µL Stabilized Chromogen to each well within 15 minutes following the washing step.
- 6. Cover the plate with the plate cover and incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature in the dark. Note: TMB should not touch aluminum foil or other metals.



#### Add stop solution

7. Add  $100 \, \mu L$  of Stop Solution to each well. Tap side of the plate gently to mix. The solution in the wells changes from blue to yellow.



# Read the plate and generate the standard curve

- 1. Read the absorbance at 450 nm. Read the plate within 1 hour after adding the Stop Solution.
- 2. Use curve-fitting software to generate the standard curve. A four parameter algorithm provides the best standard curve fit. Optimally, the background absorbance may be subtracted from all data points, including standards, unknowns and controls, prior to plotting.
- 3. Read the concentrations for unknown samples and controls from the standard curve. Multiply value(s) obtained for sample(s) by the appropriate factor to correct for the sample dilution.

**Note:** Dilute samples producing signals greater than that of the highest standard in zero standard and reanalyze. Multiply the concentration by the appropriate dilution factor.

#### Performance characteristics

#### Standard curve (example)

The following data were obtained for the various standards over the range of 0-250  $\mu\text{IU/mL}$  Hu insulin.

Standard Hu Insulin (µIU/mL)	Optical Density (450 nm)
250	2.34
128	1.31
44.4	0.51
13.8	0.13
5.1	0.07
0	0.03

# Sensitivity

The analytical sensitivity of this assay is  $0.17 \,\mu\text{IU/mL}$  of Hu insulin as determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D.

# Performance characteristics, continued

#### Intra-assay precision

Samples of known Hu Insulin concentration were assayed in replicates of 23 to determine precision within an assay.

Parameters	Sample 1	Sample 2		
Mean (μIU/mL)	13.09	32.9		
SD	0.6	1.9		
%CV	4.8	6.0		

SD = Standard Deviation; CV = Coefficient of Variation

### Specificity

The cross-reactivities were determined by addition of different analytes to a serum containing 4 ng/mL (100  $\mu$ IU/mL) insulin and measuring the apparent insulin concentration. As shown below, animal insulins (except rat insulin) cross-react, whereas human, pork and beef proinsulins present no cross reaction.

Added analyte to a high-value serum (4 ng/mL)	Observed insulin value (ng/mL)	Cross- reaction (%)		
Porcine insulin 8 ng/mL	17.4	>100		
Bovine insulin 8 ng/mL	17.8	>100		
Dog insulin 16 ng/mL	17.2	81		
Rabbit insulin 16 ng/mL	14.1	62		
Rat insulin 16 ng/mL	3.7	0		
Human proinsulin 32 ng/mL	4.4	0.3		
Procine proinsulin 16 ng/mL	4.7	2.5		
Bovine proinsulin 16 ng/mL	4.4	0.6		

#### High Dose Hook Effect

A sample spiked with Hu Insulin up to 10,000  $\mu IU/mL$  gives a result higher than the last standard point.

#### Inter-assay precision

Samples were assayed 8 times in multiple assays to determine precision between assays.

Parameters	Sample 1	Sample 2		
Mean (pg/mL)	13.29	34.12		
SD	1.08	3.10		
%CV	8.1	9.0		

#### Linearity of dilution

Sample	Dilution	Theoretical concentration (μΙU/mL)	Measured concentration (μIU/mL)		
Serum 1	1/1		82.3		
	1/2	41.2	42.21		
	1/4	20.6	22.86		
	1/8	10.3	11.04		
	1/16	5.15	5.9		
	1/32	2.58	3.3		
Serum 2	1/1		57.5		
	1/2	28.7	27.7		
	1/4	14.4	14.5		
	1/8	7.2	8.0		
	1/16	3.6	4.4		
	1/32	1.8	2.3		

### Recovery

Sample	Added INS (µIU/mL)	Recovered INS (µIU/mL)	Recovery (%)
Serum	182.1	174.5	96
	86.7	80	92
	39.6	37.4	94
	15.1	13.6	90

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# Product label explanation of symbols and warnings

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